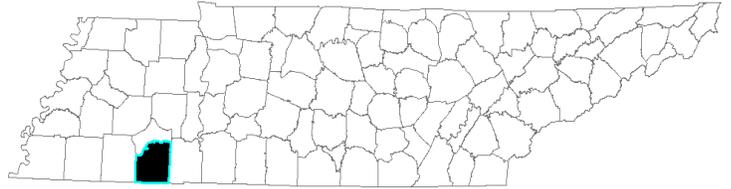
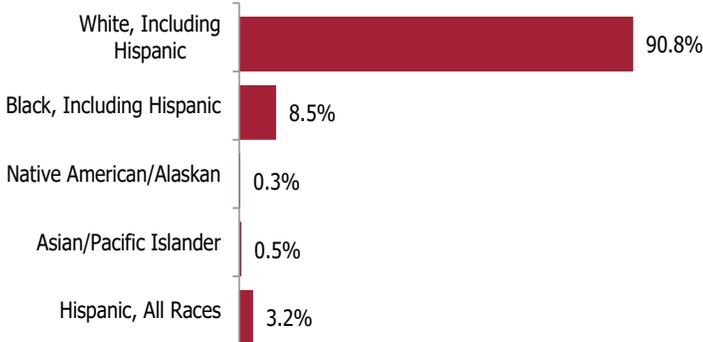


TCCY Index Rank 29



Child Population by Race/Ethnicity



HEALTH



- Low birth-weight babies: **8.0%** (Rank: 30)
- Children without health insurance: **4.3%** (Rank: 44)
- Child and teen deaths: **16.7** per 100,000 (Rank: 21)

ECONOMIC WELL-BEING

Rank: 35

- Child Poverty: **23.5%** (Rank: 40)
- Median Household Income: **\$39,407** (Rank: 71)
- Fair Market Rent: **\$785** (Rank: 17)

FAMILY and COMMUNITY

Rank: 49

- School suspension rate: **2.0%** (Rank: 36)
- Teen pregnancy: **13.3** per 1,000 (Rank: 55)
- Substantiated Abuse and Neglect: **6.6** per 1,000 (Rank: 58)

EDUCATION

Rank: 38

- Third to eighth grade reading proficiency: **32.4%** (Rank: 42)
- Third to eighth grade math proficiency: **34.2%** (Rank: 51)
- High school graduation rate: **95.0%** (Rank: 27)

McNairy County

Published 10/2019

| Demographics  | McNairy County | | Tennessee Rate | County Rate as a percentage of State Rate | County Rank |
|--|----------------|-------|----------------|---|-------------|
| | Number | Rate | | | |
| Total population (state comparison is number not rate) | 26,009 | NA | 6,715,862 | 0.4% | 55 |
| Population under 18 years of age | 5,633 | 21.7% | 22.4% | 96.9% | 35 |
| Economic Well-Being  | McNairy County | | Tennessee Rate | County Rate as a percentage of State Rate | County Rank |
| | Number | Rate | | | |
| Youth unemployment | 80 | 20.5% | 12.0% | 170.8% | 79 |
| Per capita personal income (state is dollars not rate) | \$31,901 | NA | \$45,517 | 70.1% | 76 |
| Children receiving Families First grants (TANF) | 165 | 2.9% | 3.2% | 91.8% | 41 |
| Children receiving SNAP | 2,318 | 41.1% | 31.8% | 129.5% | 71 |
| Children under five receiving WIC | 506 | 37.0% | 29.6% | 124.8% | 42 |
| Education  | McNairy County | | Tennessee Rate | County Rate as a percentage of State Rate | County Rank |
| | Number | Rate | | | |
| School age special education services | 416 | 10.1% | 11.9% | 84.9% | 5 |
| TEIS participation (per 1,000 in age group) | 23 | 28.71 | 23.4 | 122.6% | 64 |
| Cohort high school dropouts | 6 | 2.0% | 5.5% | 36.4% | 25 |
| Event high school dropouts | 7 | 0.5% | 2.6% | 19.2% | 9 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 1,563 | 37.9% | 34.7% | 109.2% | 54 |
| School expulsions (per 1,000 students) | 0 | 0.0 | 2.0 | 0.0% | 1 |
| Chronic absenteeism | 390 | 9.5% | 13.6% | 69.9% | 17 |
| Health  | McNairy County | | Tennessee Rate | County Rate as a percentage of State Rate | County Rank |
| | Number | Rate | | | |
| Neonatal abstinence syndrome (per 1,000 live births) | 3 | 10.87 | 13.5 | 80.4% | 45 |
| Births to mothers who smoked during pregnancy | 60 | 21.7% | 12.7% | 170.9% | 55 |
| Children on TennCare (Medicaid) | 3,797 | 58.0% | 48.4% | 119.8% | 63 |
| Total TennCare (Medicaid) enrollees | 7,307 | 28.1% | 21.8% | 128.9% | 81 |
| Births covered by TennCare (Medicaid) | 184 | 66.7% | 52.3% | 127.5% | 56 |
| Children qualified for Medicaid/CHIP but uninsured | 178 | 4.8% | 5.5% | 87.3% | 70 |
| Infant mortality (per 1,000 live births) | 2 | 7.20 | 7.4 | 97.3% | 53 |
| Neonatal death (per 1,000 live births) | 1 | 3.60 | 4.6 | 78.3% | 47 |
| Child deaths (per 100,000 children age 1 to 14) | 0 | 0.00 | 22.4 | 0.0% | 1 |
| Teen violent deaths (per 100,000 children age 15 to 19) | 1 | 61.70 | 52.5 | 117.5% | 66 |
| Adequate prenatal care | 198 | 71.7% | 57.4% | 124.9% | 9 |
| Children under age six screened for lead poisoning | 352 | 21.2% | 17.7% | 119.8% | 26 |
| Public school students measured as overweight/obese | NA | 44.8% | 39.2% | 114.3% | 66 |
| Teens with STDs (per 1,000 children age 15 to 17) | 9 | 9.1 | 17.3 | 52.2% | 37 |
| Medical doctors by county (per 100,000 residents) | 10 | 38.4 | 239.2 | 16.1% | 66 |
| Dentists by county (per 100,000 residents) | 10 | 38.4 | 49.0 | 78.5% | 21 |
| Family & Community  | McNairy County | | Tennessee Rate | County Rate as a percentage of State Rate | County Rank |
| | Number | Rate | | | |
| Reported child abuse cases | 319 | 5.7% | 4.9% | 116.7% | 51 |
| Commitment to state custody (per 1,000 children) | 30 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 123.0% | 47 |
| Remaining in state custody (per 1,000 children) | 34 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 106.7% | 45 |
| Juvenile court referrals | 154 | 2.7% | 4.3% | 64.1% | 22 |
| Recorded marriages (per 1,000 residents) | 161 | 6.2 | 8.2 | 75.6% | 56 |
| Recorded divorces (per 1,000 residents) | 90 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 97.2% | 34 |
| Births to unmarried females | 118 | 42.8% | 43.6% | 98.2% | 44 |
| Regulated child care spaces (state is number not rate) | 505 | NA | 307,218 | 0.2% | 69 |

McNairy County

At 29th, McNairy County ranks in the top third of Tennessee counties in child well-being. The county's best rankings include low housing costs and a comparatively low rate of child and teen deaths. The county's biggest opportunities for improvement include low median household income and a high rate of substantiated cases of child abuse and neglect.

Additional strengths include a strong high school graduation rate and a below average rate of babies born at a low birthweight.

Additional challenges include a high rate of pregnancy among girls age 15 to 17 and a low percentage of 3rd to 8th grade students rated proficient on TNReady math tests.

Policy/Practice/Program Options to Improve Outcomes. Many of these policies have multiple models for delivery, including public-private partnership and non-profit leadership.

- With a low median household income, improving outreach to those who may qualify to receive SNAP, WIC and TennCare benefits to be sure they are aware of these services can help ensure basic needs are met. Additionally, nutrition programs that provide food for school-age children to take home can contribute to food security. Expanding services through Family Resource Centers can also help reach these vulnerable populations.
- Two-generation programs such as evidence-based home visiting have been shown to reduce instances of child abuse and neglect.
- Comprehensive sex education classes that include both encouragement of abstinence and information on birth control have been shown to reduce the number of teen pregnancies.
- Expanding pre-K access and increasing STEM opportunities in elementary and middle schools can help improve 3rd to 8th grade math proficiency.